



Range Forest Officer (Main / Written) Examination, 2021

Roll No. _____

GENERAL ENGLISH (COMPULSORY)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Question Paper Specific Instructions

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions:

1. There are 05 (five) questions in all and all are compulsory.
2. The number of marks carried by a question / part is indicated against it.
3. Attempt of a part / question shall be counted in sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a part / question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet (QCAB) must be clearly struck off.
4. Answers must be written in legible handwriting.
5. Re-evaluation / Re-checking of Question-cum-Answer Booklet (QCAB).

1. (a) Rewrite the following sentences after making necessary corrections, if any. Do not make unnecessary changes in the original sentences. (10)

- (i) Seldom we have been treated in such a rude manner by the policemen.
- (ii) There are a numbers of reasons I don't like him, but his selfishness is intolerable.
- (iii) He can't be trusted with important secret information's otherwise I could have made him my assistant.
- (iv) Although he achieved great success but he could not win fame.
- (v) It is arrogant for you to assume you will win every time.
- (vi) Two hours have passed since he had fallen asleep.
- (vii) Fifty miles are a long way to walk.
- (viii) Neither my brother nor my brother in law was able to help me.
- (ix) The number of students applying was so large that the college had to stop issuing application forms.
- (x) The Headquarters of EFL University are in Hyderabad.

1. (b) Change the voice of the following sentences: (10)

- (i) Selma is teaching her younger son to write.
- (ii) Was he helped by Ravi?
- (iii) He can win the prize.

- (iv) Gravitational Force was discovered by Newton.
 - (v) You must send a reply.
 - (vi) Are you reading the book I gave you.
 - (vii) When did you learn music?
 - (viii) The child may have broken the vase.
 - (ix) He arrived at the conclusion.
 - (x) They appointed him teacher.
2. (a) Use the following Idioms / Phrases in sentences of your own to bring out their meaning clearly. Do not change the form of the words. (10)
- (i) Heart of gold
 - (ii) Bend your mind
 - (iii) Fallen flat
 - (iv) An axe to grind
 - (v) To grease the palm
 - (vi) To take stock
 - (vii) To mince one's words
 - (viii) Smell a rat
 - (ix) Out of pocket
 - (x) Wear and tear
2. (b) Give one-word substitution for the following: (10)
- (i) Flesh of a deer
 - (ii) One who can speak two languages
 - (iii) That which cannot be avoided
 - (iv) One who is recovering from illness
 - (v) Property left to someone by a will
 - (vi) The science of bee keeping cultivation and maintenance of bee-hives
 - (vii) To give someone something to make good for loss or damage
 - (viii) A person who takes pleasure in food and drink
 - (ix) One who hates mankind
 - (x) A person who is easily irritated and loses temper
3. WRITE AN ESSAY IN ABOUT 750 (SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY) WORDS ON ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING TOPICS: (30)
- (i) Freedom of Speech as a Democratic Right
 - (ii) Cyber Crime and Possible Solutions
 - (iii) Environmental Pollution : Threats and Solutions
4. Read the Passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. (10)
- True, it is the function of the army to maintain law and order in abnormal times. But in normal times there is another force that compels citizens to obey law and act with due regards to others. The force also protects the lives and properties of law-abiding

men. Laws are made to secure the property of the citizens against theft and damage to protect the right of communities and castes to carry out their customs and ceremonies, so long as they do not conflict with the right of others. Now the good citizen will obey these laws voluntarily and he will not interfere with the lives and properties of others. But the bad citizen is restrained from breaking these laws by fear of the consequence of his actions. And the compulsory steps to compel the bad citizen to act as the good citizen by this force. The supreme control of law and order in a state is in the hands of the minister who acts through the police officers.

1. The expression 'customs and ceremonies' means?
2. According to the author, When should army be pressed into service?
3. According to the author, Whom does the law protect?
4. Make a meaningful sentence of your own of the word 'conflict'.
5. Give antonym of the word 'Voluntarily'.

5. Make a Précis of the following passage and give a suitable title: (20)

The threat from radicalisation remains underestimated and understudied in India. There is no official Indian Policy on radicalisation and de-radicalisation. Statements about opening up of de-radicalisation camps, as a solution to the radicalisation problems have been made recently. The focus is yet to turn to understanding about the philosophy of radicalisation, its precursors, process nodes and the potential of de-radicalisation. Radicalisation is a process with multiple reinforcing pathways of developing extremist beliefs, emotions, and behaviours. People become increasingly motivated to use violent means against members of an out-group or symbolic targets to achieve behavioural change and political goals. Radicalisation develops gradually over time and may occur at individual, group or mass public levels. It also involves changes in attitudes, beliefs, behaviour, ideals, goals, ideology, and willingness, which become extreme. Those extreme aspects are related to political, social, religious, ideological, economic or societal issues. Many individuals who join radical groups do so because they have the feeling that they have not received the treatment they deserve. In order to better deal with feelings of relative deprivation and injustice, experts suggest empowering individuals by helping to increase their perceptions of efficacy and self-esteem, and fostering the creation of a strong self-identity. (201 Words)
