TEST BOOKLET
ENGLISH
PAPER II

Time Allowed : 1\frac{1}{4} Hours]  
(Maximum Marks : 100)

All questions carry equal marks.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Write your Roll Number only in the box provided alongside. Do not write anything else on the Test Booklet.

2. This Test Booklet contains 50 items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). Choose only one response for each item which you consider the best.

3. After the candidate has read each item in the Test Booklet and decided which of the given responses is correct or the best, he has to mark the circle containing the letter of the selected response by blackening it completely with ball point pen as shown below. H.B. Pencil should not be used in blackening the circle to indicate responses on the answer sheet. In the following example, response “C” is so marked :

   A   B   C   D

4. Do the encoding carefully as given in the illustrations. While encoding your particulars or marking the answers on answer sheet, you should blacken the circle corresponding to the choice in full and no part of the circle should be left unfilled. You may clearly note that since the answer sheets are to be scored/evaluated on machine, any violation of the instructions may result in reduction of your marks for which you would yourself be responsible.

5. You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the ANSWER SHEET separately given. Responses marked on the Test Booklet or in any paper other than the answer sheet shall not be examined. Use ball point pen for marking responses.

6. All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items.

7. Before you proceed to mark responses in the Answer Sheet fill in the particulars in the front portion of the Answer Sheet as per the instructions.

8. After you have completed the test, hand over the OMR answer sheet to the Invigilator.
ENGLISH

Paper II

Time Allowed : 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note :— This paper contains fifty (50) multiple choice questions. Each question carries

two (2) marks. Attempt all questions.

1. 'Piers Plowman' has a subtitle. It is :

   (A) The Judgement (B) A Journey

   (C) A Vision (D) A War

2. Chaucer's 'Troilus and Criseyde' is influenced by :

   (A) The Consolation of Philosophy

   (B) The House of Fame

   (C) Book of the Leone

   (D) The Tale of Two Cities

3. Which of the following pairs is not correctly matched ?

   (A) William Langland — Piers the Plowman

   (B) Wycliffe — The Pope's Power

   (C) John Gover — Confession Amantis

   (D) Chaucer — On His Blindness

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4. Who is the hero in Spenser's Faerie Queene?

(A) Prince Edward  (B) Prince George
(C) Prince Arthur  (D) Prince Charlse

5. Who among the following has been known as, 'The Morning Star of the Renaissance'?

(A) Dryden  (B) Milton
(C) Chaucer  (D) Shakespeare

6. Who among the following is not a dramatist of the Elizabethan Age?

(A) John Lyle  (B) Thomas Lodge
(C) Robert Green  (D) William Tyndale

7. Who was Othello?

(A) A Great Fighter  (B) A Scholar
(C) Good Commander  (D) Mature, Old King

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8. ‘The Old Wives Tale’ was written by:

(A) Nashe  (B) George Peele

(C) Ben Jonson  (D) Thomas Kid

9. Which of the following statements about ‘As You Like It’ is correct?

(A) It is written by Thomas Kyd

(B) It is a long elegy

(C) It is based in the forest of Arden

(D) It is a tragedy

10. Which play of Shakespeare contains the famous line “................. there is a special providence in the fall of a sparrow”?

(A) King Lear  (B) Macbeth

(C) Othello  (D) Hamlet

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11. 'The Spanish Tragedy' of Thomas Kyd was influenced by:

(A) Aristotle  (B) Seneca

(C) Dante  (D) Plato

12. First work of John Milton is:

(A) On the Morning of Christ's Nativity

(B) On His Blindness

(C) Paradise Lost

(D) Samson Agonists

13. In which epic Adam was lured/tempted by Satan and resulting his exile?

(A) Paradise Regained  (B) Paradise Lost

(C) On His Blindness  (D) Lycidas
14. The poem 'The Storm' was written by:

(A) Ben Jonson  (B) John Keats

(C) John Donne  (D) John Milton

15. 'Holy War' belongs to:

(A) Thomas Kyd  (B) Bunyan

(C) Chapman  (D) Robert Herrick

16. John Keats's famous theory of 'negative capability' was expressed in a/an:

(A) Letter  (B) Essay

(C) Poem  (D) Novel

17. Who among the following was a prominent writer of sentimental fiction?

(A) Mary Wollstonecraft  (B) Jane Austen

(C) Walter Scott  (D) Fanny Burney
18. The *Songs of Innocence* portrays images of:

(A) Men, Women and Squirrels  
(B) Children, Sheep and Lambs

(C) Lambs, Donkeys and Cats  
(D) None of these

19. *John Woodvil* was written by:

(A) Charles Lamb  
(B) William Hazlitt

(C) Jane Austen  
(D) S.T. Coleridge

20. William Cowper’s *The Task* is structured around:

(A) Seasons  
(B) Animals

(C) Planets  
(D) None of these

21. Elinor and Marianne are the two famous sisters in Jane Austen’s:

(A) Pride and Prejudice  
(B) Sense and Sensibility

(C) Mansfield Park  
(D) Emma

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22. Which Matthew Arnold’s poem best captures the uncertainty of Victorian Age?

(A) Scholar Gypsy          (B) Growing Old

(C) A Dream                 (D) Dover Beach

23. Which of the following is Elizabeth Gaskell’s non-fiction?

(A) French Life             (B) Mary Burton

(C) Cranford                (D) Ruth

24. “One Word More” is a famous poem written by:

(A) Alfred Tennyson          (B) Matthew Arnold

(C) Robert Browning          (D) A.H. Hallam

25. Bill Sikes is a famous character of which novelist?

(A) Thomas Hardy            (B) Charles Dickens

(C) George Eliot            (D) Charles Lamb
26. Thomas Paine's *The Age of Reason*:

(A) Highlights the corruption of the Christian Church

(B) Talks about plight of the peasants

(C) Eulogises the Christian Church

(D) None of the above

27. The Waverly novel series was written by:

(A) W.M. Thackeray            (B) Edwin Godwin

(C) Walter Scott               (D) Leigh Hunt

28. D.H. Lawrence's best known short stories are:

(A) "The Fox"                 (B) "Animal House"

(C) "Psychopaths"             (D) All of these

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29. Which of the following is Virginia Woolf's non-fiction?

(A) *The Death of the Moth and Other Essays*

(B) *The Rainbow*

(C) *Orlando*

(D) *Jacob's Room*

30. Cyril Fielding is E.M. Forster's famous character in which novel?

(A) *Howards End*  
(B) *Maurice*

(C) *A Passage to India*  
(D) *A Room with a View*

31. "God is Dead" is a famous quote of:

(A) T.S. Eliot  
(B) Friedrich Nietzsche

(C) Tiresias  
(D) J.B. Priestly

32. Dorrislessing's first novel *The Grass Is Singing* is located in:

(A) Southern America  
(B) Southern Rhodesia

(C) Southern India  
(D) Southern Australia

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33. Boxer, a cart horse features in the novel of:

(A) Antonia Byatt   (B) Pamels Hensford
(C) George Orwell   (D) Tom Stoppard

34. Which of the following novels is not written by John Braine?

(A) Room at the Top   (B) Life at the Top
(C) Man at the Top    (D) Snow Drop

35. Cecil Day-Lewis remained The Poet Laureate from:

(A) 1964 to 1967   (B) 1968 to 1972
(C) 1972 to 1976   (D) None of these

36. Who of the following is an African novelist?

(A) Nadine Gordimer   (B) John Milton
(C) Patrick White     (D) None of these

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37. The poem ‘Ode to Tomato’ is written by:

(A) John Keats          (B) Thomas Nash
(C) Anthony Trollope    (D) None of these

38. Blood Wedding is written by:

(A) Frantz Fanon       (B) Tim Woods
(C) Lorca              (D) Charles Jenks

39. Who is the central character of Hemingway’s famous novella ‘Old Man and the Sea’?

(A) Marlyn Jacobs      (B) Santiago
(C) Jurgen             (D) None of these

40. Willy Loman, the central character of Arthur Miller’s Death of a Salesman deals in:

(A) Sports Equipment   (B) Business of spare parts
(C) Books Dealer       (D) None of these

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41. "Art is a way of experiencing the artfulness of an object; the object is not important." Which school of criticism does this statement apply most suitably?

(A) New Historicism  (B) Archetypal Criticism

(C) Formalism  (D) Chicago Criticism

42. "Culture is Ordinary: that is where we must start." Who said it?

(A) Raymond Williams  (B) Hayden White

(C) Henri Lefebvre  (D) Marjorie Garber

43. Who of the following introduced the term 'Ecocriticism'?

(A) Cheryll Glotfelty  (B) Harold Fromm

(C) Scott Slovic  (D) William Rueckert

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44. Althusser mentions two major mechanisms for ensuring that people within a state behave according to the rules of state, even when it's not in their best interest in regard to their class position to do so. The mechanisms are Ideological State Apparatuses and:

(A) Responsive State Apparatuses
(B) Reductive State Apparatuses
(C) Repressive State Apparatuses
(D) Residual State Apparatuses

45. 'Simulacrum' is one of the best known ideas of:

(A) Foucault
(B) Gramsci
(C) Lyotard
(D) Baudrillard

46. In a novel set in World War I, soldiers are shown listening to iPods in the trenches is an example of:

(A) Anachronism
(B) Parachronism
(C) Anaphora
(D) None of these

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47. "When the going gets tough, the tough get going" is an example of:

(A) Metaphor  (B) Syncrisis

(C) Cliché  (D) Chiasmus

48. The personification in which dogs laugh, clouds look sullen, leaves dance is called:

(A) Pathetic fallacy  (B) Periphrasis

(C) Pleonasm  (D) Tautology

49. Identify the metre in this line: "To swell the gourd, and plump the hazel shells":

(A) Trochee  (B) Iamb

(C) Anapaest  (D) Dactyl

50. Each unit of rhythm in English poetry is called:

(A) Tetrameter  (B) Trimeter

(C) Pentameter  (D) Foot